

What You Need To Know After Becoming A Turkish Citizen

As soon as you become a citizen of a foreign country, perhaps when you gain the citizenship of a country you do not know, then the real important process begins for you. Because now you have become a citizen of another country. I will address some of the issues subject about Turkey. if you became a Turkish citizen then you must especially know some important issues because of you need to keep your life in Turkey. In this article I will briefly talk about the questions you need to know and wonder.

1) Will I get a tax number again when I become a Turkish citizen?

Nationality of natural persons in the Republic of Turkey, people uses tax identification number as their ID numbers. Therefore, you do not need to obtain a tax identification number. Of course, the situation is much different for companies.

2) What do I need to pay taxes in Turkey?

According to the current list of the Revenue Administration, there are over 200 tax types. However, the most known and main tax types are 7. These are;

A. Income Tax

- It is called annual income tax. Annual income of natural persons is subject to income tax. It is evaluated over the earnings and income obtained in a calendar year. Commercial and agricultural earnings consist of self-employment income, real estate capital returns, securities capital returns, wages and other income.

B. Corporation Tax

- Corporate tax covers institutions and organizations, not individuals. Profits from cooperatives, public institutions, capital companies, associations or foundations, and business partnerships are subject to corporate tax.

C. MTV (Motor Vehicle Tax)

- If you have a car, you will have to pay motor vehicle tax. It is briefly referred to as MTV. In MTV payments, the first installment starts on January 1, and ends on January 31. Second Installment payments will be made between 1 July - 31 July. A calculation is made according to the model and age of your car. You can also pay the amount you need to pay online from the internet site <https://ivd.gib.gov.tr/>

D. Property Tax

- If you have a house or a car, you now have an obligation to pay taxes to the Turkish Republic. If you are the owner of the real chattels, you are obliged to pay property tax annually to the State. This tax is paid in 2 installments per year. The first installment in which real estate tax should be paid in 2020 is between 1 March and 1 June. 2. Installment is paid in November. If the real estate tax is not paid within the period, 2% overdue interest is applied for each month. The amount of real estate tax is calculated by the value of your home.

E. VAT (Value-Added Tax)

- Value Added Tax is the most common type of tax levied on expenses. The process from the source of a product, a good or a service to the consumer enters the value added tax. Made in Turkey, commercial, agricultural, and service imports of all kinds of products, including self-employment activities are the subject of VAT.

F. Stamp Duty

- Stamp Tax is a type of tax collected by the government for every kind of contract and written agreement. For example, you will need to pay stamp duty when you rent your home.

G. Special Consumption Tax (SCT)

- It is paid an expenditure tax that is fixed or proportional on certain goods or products. In luxury products (such as fur, jewelry, luxury cars),
In products that are harmful to human health (alcohol, cigarettes such as Monopoly products),
It is paid in environmentally harmful products (such as fossil waste, gasoline, coal).

3) I have driver license belong my other country so my driver license valid in Turkey traffic system? Can I use my car with that?

- If you do not have a Turkish driving license, you can drive for a maximum of 6 months. If you use the car in Turkey after you need to change your license. There are 2 ways to do this.
- You can get a Turkish license by taking a driver's license in your city and taking a driver's license lesson and passing the driver's license exams by learning the traffic rules.
- You can change your existing driving license by collecting the documents requested from the district population directorates. I will make more detailed explanations about the requested documents if you request.

4) My name have been changed after acquire Turkish Citizenship. So do I have some problems with my properties (home, car etc.) before I entitle the Turkish Citizenship?

- If your name changed after you became a Turkish citizen and you bought a car with another name before you became a citizen, your vehicle license will also need to be

reorganized with your new name. To do this, you should go to the Notary for change your vehicle license.

- The same is true for the house you bought. If you are going to use your new name (after acquiring citizenship and receiving your home), your home should be registered with your new name in the deed with the necessary procedures.

5) Is there any existing regulations about married woman surnames for his wife's surname in Turkey ?

- As a rule, the woman takes the surname of her husband after marriage. However, the person who wants to use his surname and own surname together can apply to the Population Office and also take their own surname. If the person only wants to use their own surname, than she will have to apply to the court.

6) How is the education system in Turkey?

- Without discrimination between girls and boys in the Republic of Turkey has the 12-year compulsory education system. In the education system, which is divided into 3 levels, Stage 1; Primary school (1-2-3-4th grade), 2nd grade secondary school (5-6-7-8th grade) and 3rd grade high school (9-10-11-12th grade). Then the university is entered. As with many public schools, there are also many private foundation schools. If your child's first citizenship is citizenship of another country, he / she can benefit from the foreign student quota. Foreign high schools are also available. Students can enter the high school and university entrance exams and apply to the schools where their scores are sufficient according to the exam results. You can contact me for more detailed information.

7) How can I benefit from health services after becoming a Turkish Citizen?

- Republic of Turkey in order to benefit from health care services are required to have private health or public health insurances. After you become a citizen you can be able to pay your own SGK (social security institution) allowance to get a public health insurance. Meanwhile general health insurance is covered by the state, private health insurance takes place in return for a monthly payment to the insurance company.
- There are multiple insurance companies for private health insurance. For more detailed information, you may send e-mail me on this subject.

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